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TURKEY.

Plague at Bagdad.

The following information is received from the Department of State, under date of June 2: Plague at Bagdad.

VENEZUELA.

Report from Caracas—Carupano and Cristobal Colon declared open to foreign export and import.

The following is received from Minister Russell, under date of May 7:

May 3 the governor of Trinidad issued a decree declaring Venezuela infected and subjecting all vessels with passengers or cargo from any port in the Republic to a quarantine not to exceed 10 days. In view of the above-mentioned decree the executive of Venezuela has issued a decree declaring Carupano and Cristobal Colon open ports for foreign export and import to and from Ciudad Bolivar.

La Guaira declared open to traffic from May 25.

The following is received from the American minister, through the Department of State, under date of May 23:

The Government of Venezuela issued to-day a decree stating that eight days having elapsed without a new case having appeared of the epidemic which existed at La Guaira, the said port will be open to traffic with the United States and Europe from May 25, and coastwise and interior traffic from May 29.

FOREIGN AND INSULAR STATISTICAL REPORTS OF COUNTRIES AND CITIES—UNTABULATED.

BORNEO—*Sandakan*.—Two weeks ended March 31, 1908. Estimated population, 10,495. Total number of deaths 15, including beri-beri 4 and 1 from phthisis pulmonalis.

BRAZIL—*Ceara*.—Month of April, 1908. Estimated population, 50,000. Total number of deaths 198, including 5 from whooping cough.

Sao Paulo, Santos, and Campinas.—Week ended April 26, 1908. Estimated population, 300,000. Total number of deaths 138, including enteric fever 2, diphtheria 2, scarlet fever 1, leprosy 2, measles 1, whooping cough 2, and 5 from tuberculosis.

CANADA—*Ontario—Hamilton*.—Month of April, 1908. Estimated population, 63,256. Total number of deaths, 94, including scarlet fever 1, and 6 from tuberculosis.

Yukon Territory—Dawson.—Month of April, 1908. Total number of deaths, 9, including 1 from tuberculosis.

DUTCH GUIANA—*Paramaribo*.—Month of April, 1908. Estimated population, 34,085. Total number of deaths, 109. No deaths from contagious diseases reported. Malarial fever prevalent.

FRANCE—*Roubaix*.—Month of April, 1908. Estimated population, 121,115. Total number of deaths, 154, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 2, scarlet fever 1, and 26 from tuberculosis.

Toulon.—Month of April, 1908. Estimated population, 105,000. Total number of deaths, 146, including diphtheria 1, scarlet fever 1, and 2 from enteric fever.

GIBRALTAR.—Two weeks ended May 17, 1908. Estimated population, 36,830. Total number of deaths, 13.

GREAT BRITAIN—*England and Wales*.—The deaths registered in 76 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended May 9, 1908, correspond to an annual rate of 14.2 per 1,000 population, which is estimated at 16,234,952.

London.—One thousand two hundred and seventy-three deaths were registered during the week, including measles 38, scarlet fever 10, diphtheria 6, whooping cough 22, enteric fever 1, tuberculosis 165, and 11 from diarrhea. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 13.8 per 1,000. In Greater London 1,821 deaths were registered. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 9 from measles, 5 from scarlet fever, 1 from smallpox, 4 from diphtheria, and 4 from whooping cough.

Salford.—Two weeks ended May 9, 1908. Estimated population, 239,294. Total number of deaths, 178, including diphtheria 2, measles 20, scarlet fever 3, whooping cough 8, and 15 from phthisis pulmonalis.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended May 9, 1908, in the 21 principal town districts of Ireland was 23.6 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,131,959. The lowest rate was recorded in Dundalk, viz, 4.0, and the highest in Kilkenny, viz, 49.1 per 1,000.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended May 9, 1908, correspond to an annual rate of 17.8 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,839,038. The highest rate of mortality was recorded in Dundee, viz, 22.3, and the lowest in Paisley, viz, 15.0 per 1,000. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 629, including diphtheria 6, measles 27, scarlet fever 5, and 19 from whooping cough.

MEXICO—*Merida*.—Month of April, 1908. Estimated population, 60,000. Total number of deaths, 208, including measles, 1, and 27 from tuberculosis.

Progreso.—Month of April, 1908. Estimated population, 5,000. Total number of deaths, 34, including leprosy, 1, smallpox, 1, and 4 from tuberculosis.

SPAIN—*Huelva*.—Month of April, 1908. Estimated population, 24,000. Total number of deaths, 50, including diphtheria, 1, and 7 from tuberculosis.

Madrid.—Month of April, 1908. Population 556,663. Total number of deaths, 1,009, including scarlet fever, 2, enteric fever, 10, measles, 5, whooping cough, 3, smallpox, 1, and 144 from tuberculosis.

Seville.—Month of April, 1908. Estimated population, 148,315. Total number of deaths, 348, including diphtheria, 1, enteric fever, 2, scarlet fever, 2, whooping cough, 8, measles, 2, smallpox, 2, and 68 from tuberculosis.

SWITZERLAND.—Week ended April 25, 1908. Reports from 18 cities, having an aggregate population of 876,946, show as follows: Total number of deaths, 313, including diphtheria 2, enteric fever 1, measles 3, scarlet fever 2, smallpox 1, and 59 from tuberculosis.

Week ended May 2, 1908. Total number of deaths, 283, including diphtheria 3, enteric fever 2, measles 1, scarlet fever 1, whooping cough 3, and 65 from tuberculosis.

WEST INDIES—*Curaçao*.—Two weeks ended May 15, 1908. Estimated population, 31,600. Total number of deaths, 3. No deaths from contagious diseases reported.

St. Christopher.—Three weeks ended May 2, 1908. Estimated population, 49,289. Total number of deaths, 46.

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox reported from December 28, 1907, to June 5, 1908.

[Reports received by the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, from American consuls, through the Department of State and from other sources.]

[For reports received from June 28, 1907, to December 27, 1907, see PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS for December 27, 1907.]

[NOTE.—In accordance with custom, the tables of epidemic diseases are terminated semiannually and new tables begun.]

CHOLERA.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Arabia:				
Hedjaz, general	Dec. 13-Mar. 11 ...	6,378	5,695	On Hedjaz R. R. Jan. 1-Mar. 8, 169 cases and 89 deaths.
Abou Ali	Dec. 31-Jan. 19 ...	69	49	
Abou-Saad (Jiddah)	Dec. 21-29	128	53	
Jiddah	Dec. 10-Feb. 8	410	369	26 cases and 19 deaths from ss. Nivernais from Dec. 27-Jan. 5. 8 cases to Nov. 23.
Kamaran	Dec. 2-7	3	2	On borders of the Vilayet.
Medaini Saliah	Feb. 24-Mar. 1	57	42	
Medina	Dec. 18-Jan. 18	330	220	
Mekka	Dec. 21-Feb. 8	5,086	4,706	
Tor	Jan. 24-30	8		From ss. Assuan.
Yembo	Dec. 20-Mar. 15 ...	310	213	
Ceylon:				
Colombo	Nov. 24-Apr. 4		2	
China:				
Hongkong	Oct. 27-Apr. 4	13	13	Imported.
India:				
Bengal	Apr. 1-30			Coal fields from Asansol to Jheria, 20 deaths daily.
Bombay	Dec. 4-Apr. 28		21	
Calcutta	Nov. 17-Apr. 18 ...		2,599	
Cochin	Oct. 26-Jan. 31		98	